

48) When ~~was~~ did Russia withdraw from World War I?

As- Dec 15, 1917.

49) Which treaty was signed by Lenin on March 3, 1918?

As- Treaty of Brest-Litovsk.

50) What was the result of Brest-Litovsk treaty?

As- Russia lost half a million sq. miles of mineral resources and 75 million inhabitants.

51) When did October Revolution take place?

As- November 7, 1917.

52) After Russian Revolution who ruled Russia?

As- Proletariat.

53) From when did Tsar Alexander I rule in Russia?

As- 1801 to 1825.

54) Who were known as a "Serfs"?

As- The farmers were known as Serfs.

55) Which Tsar was called the liberator?

As- Alexander II.

56) Why were the workers group in Russia die Petrom burzoi?

As- Because of unhealthy ^{equipment} environment, hunger and drug addiction.

57) What did Karl Marx ask the proletariat do revolutionaries to do?

As- Karl Marx asked them to revolt against exploitation and inequality.

Answer the following question in 20 words:

2) A) What were the two most famous books written by Karl Marx?

As- The two most famous books written by Karl Marx were Communist Manifesto and Das Kapital.

B) Name two parties formed by unhappy laborers and landless farmers before Russian Revolution.

As- Two parties formed by unhappy laborers and landless farmers before Russian Revolution.

Pre-revolutionary
Revolutionary
Revolution was between and menstevic

C) Name two groups / parties formed in Russia in 1903

As- The two groups formed in Russia in 1903 were Bolshevik and menstevic.

D) In which two wars before the outbreak of World War I did Russia's defeat prove the weakness of Tsar's regime by tarnishing the country's reputation?

As- In Crimean war and Russo-Japanese war before the outbreak of World War I Russia's defeat prove the weakness of Tsar's regime by ~~to~~ tarnishing the country's reputation.

E) On January 22, 1905, under whose leadership and where did the protesters march to file a petition.

As- On January 22, 1905 under Father George Gapon leadership marched on St. Peter's Winter Palace in St. Petersburg to file a petition against Nicholas II.

F) Who was Tsar in Russia during the 1917 revolution, and what was the name of his dynasty?

As- Tsar Nicholas II was Tsar in Russia during the 1917 revolution, and Romanov was the name of his dynasty.

G) What did Lenin announce on the evening of November 7, 1917?

As- On the evening of November 7, 1917 Lenin announced the establishment of Independence in Soviet Union of Russia. He also announced that a communist government would be established in Russia.

H) Where and by whom, on November 7, 1917, three decrees of Lenin had approved?

As- Three of Lenin's decrees passed by members of the All-Russian Congress of Soviets. Those decrees were peace with warring nations, rights to use lands would be in hands of peasants, and to delegate the power to workers to manage production in factories and industries.

I) Who became the prime minister and foreign minister in the new Russian government after the October 1917 revolution?

As- Lenin became prime minister, and Trotsky was appointed as foreign minister.

Q) What were the names of Russia in the 1917 and 1924 Constitutions, respectively?

As- "Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic" in the 1917 but in accordance with the 1924 Constitution, it was renamed as "Union of Soviet Socialist Republics".

3. Write answers to each question in one sentence.

A) In which year did Nicholas II become Tsar of Russia?

As- In 1894 Nicholas II became Tsar of Russia.

B) What drug was poor peasants and workers addicted to before the Russian Revolution?

As- Vodka was drug in which poor peasants and workers addicted before the Russian Revolution.

C) When was Karl Marx's "Communist Manifesto" published?

As- In 1848 Karl Marx's "Communist Manifesto" was published.

D) When was the 'October Declaration' announced in Russia?

As- In 1905 the 'October Declaration' announced in Russia.

E) Who was Tsarina during the Russian Revolution?

As- Tsarina Alexandra was Tsarina during the Russian Revolution.

F) What was Rasputin's real name?

As- Rasputin's real name was Gregori Yefimovich.

G) Who became the prime minister after the failure of the provisional government in Russia?

As- Kerensky became the prime minister after the failure of the provisional government in Russia.

H) Which Russian revolution is called the Bolshevik Revolution?

As- October Revolution is also called the "Bolshevik Revolution".

I) Where was the winter palace of Tsar in Russia?

As- Petrograd was the winter palace of Tsar in Russia.

J) Who was named the "Russian Communist Party" after the Russian Revolution?