

23) Who was the leader of Bolsheviks party and what was the motto?

As- The Bolsheviks leader was Lenin and they wanted to abolish the Tsar rule in revolutionary way.

24) Who was Lenin?

As- Lenin was a follower of Marxism and leader of Russian October Revolution.

25) When was Lenin born?

As- Lenin was born in Russia in 1870.

26) What is the real name of Lenin?

As- Vladimir Illych Ulyanov.

27) When did Lenin die?

As- 1924

28) Which two countries were interested in conquering Manchuria and Korea.

As- Russia and Japan.

29) Which day was known as 'Bloody Sunday'?

As- January 22, 1905

30) When was Peterburg established?

As- Peterburg was established in 1703 by tsar Peter and it was capital of Russia till 1918.

31) Which is the second largest city of Russia?

As- Leningrad.

32) When was Crimean war held?

As- 1854.

33) Who was Tsarina Alexander?

As- She was wife of Tsar Nicholas II.

34) Who was Grigori Yefimovich Rasputin?

As- He was a false monk who made Tsarina and puppet.

35) Who killed Rasputin?

As- He was killed by Prince Yusupov in 1916.

36) Which two writers inspired by the events writings during Russian Revolution?

As- Leo Tolstoy and Karl Marx.

- 34) When was Russo - Japanese war held?
As 1904
- 35) When was Russian fort Sevastopol Seized
As 9th September 1855.
- 36) What is now Petersburg known as?
As Leningrad.
- When was Tsar Nicholas II forced to leave his powers?
As On March 15 1917.
- When did February Revolution take place?
As 1917.
- Who was the head of the Provisional government?
As Prince Lvov
- formed the government after the failure of provisional government?
As Kerensky.
- 62) By whom were October Revolution Organised?
As Bolshevik led by Lenin.
- 48) Which Revolution is known as "Bolshevik Revolution"?
As October Revolution.
- 49) When was Lenin released from jail.
As 1900
- 45) When did the Bolshevik Volunteers Occupy the office, railway etc at Petrograd?
As On November 7, 1917.
- 45) When did Lenin announced of Communist Government in Russia?
As November 7, 1917.
- 46) What were the three decree passed by members of All Russian congress of Soviet?
As (i) Peace with warring nation (ii) Right of lands to peasants (iii) Power to workers.
- 47) What was the Bolshevik party renamed?
As Russian Communist Party.

48) When did Russia withdraw from World War I?

As- Dec 15, 1917.

49) Which treaty was signed by Lenin on March 3, 1918.

As- Treaty of Brest-Litovsk.

50) What was the result of Brest-Litovsk treaty?

As- Russia lost half of million sq. miles of mineral resources and 75 million inhabitants.

51) When did October Revolution take place.

As- November 7, 1917.

52) After Russian Revolution who ruled Russia?

As- The Proletariat.

53) From when did Tsar Alexander I rule in Russia?

As- 1801 to 1825.

54) Who were known as 'Serebs'?

As- The Farmers were known as Serebs.

55) Which Tsar was called the liberator?

As- Alexander II.

56) Why were the workers group in Russia die permanently?

As- Because of unhealthy environment, equipment hunger and drug addiction.

57) What did Karl Marx ask the proletariat or revolutionaries to do?

As- Karl Marx asked them to revolt against exploitation and inequality.

Answer the following question in 20 words:

Q) A) What were the two most famous books written by Karl Marx?

As- The two most famous books written by Karl Marx were communist manifesto and Das Kapital.

B) Name two parties formed by unhappy labor and landless farmers before Russian Revolution

As- Two parties formed by unhappy labors and landless farmers before Russian

Date _____
Page _____

Pole traitor
Athenat
Revolutionaries
Revolution are Bolshevik and menstevic

c) Name two groups / parties formed in Russia in 1903

As- The two groups formed in Russia in 1903 are Bolshevik and menstevic.

d) In which two wars before the outbreak of World War I did Russia's defeat prove the weakness of Tsar's regime by tarnishing the country's reputation?

As- In Crimean war and Russo-japanese war before the outbreak of World War I Russia's defeat prove the weakness of Tsar's regime by tarnishing the country's reputation.

e) On January 22, 1905 under whose leadership and where did the protesters march to file a petition.

As- On January 22, 1905 under father George Gapon leadership marched on St. Peter's Winter palace in St. Petersburg to file a petition against Nicholas II.

f) Who was Tsar in Russia during the 1917 revolution, and what was the name of his dynasty?

As- Tsar Nicholas II was Tsar in Russia during the 1917 revolution, and Romanov was the name of his dynasty.

g) What did Lenin announce on the evening of November 7, 1917?

As- On the evening of November 7, 1917 Lenin announced the establishment of Independence in Soviet Union of Russia. He also announced that a communist government would be established in Russia.

h) Where and by whom, on November 7, 1917, three decrees of Lenin had approved?

As- Three of Lenin's decree passed by members of the All-Russian Congress of Soviets. Those decrees were peace with warring nations, rights to use lands would be in hands of peasants, and to delegate the power to workers to manage production in factories and industries.

i) Who became the prime minister and foreign minister in the new Russian government after the October 1917 revolution?

As- Lenin became prime minister, and Trotsky was appointed as foreign minister.

J) What were the names of Russia in the 1917 and 1924 Constitutions respectively?

Ans- "Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic" in the 1917 but in accordance with the 1922 Constitution it was renamed as "Union of Soviet Socialist Republics".

3. Write answers to each question in one sentence.

A) In which year did Nicholas II become Tsar of Russia?

Ans- In 1894 Nicholas II became Tsar of Russia.

B) What drug was poor peasants and workers addicted before the Russian Revolution?

Ans- Vodka was drug in which poor peasants and workers addicted before the Russian Revolution.

C) When was Karl Marx's "Communist Manifesto" published?

Ans- In 1848 Karl Marx's "Communist Manifesto" was published.

D) When was the 'October Declaration' announced in Russia?

Ans- In 1905 the 'October Declaration' announced in Russia.

E) Who was Tsarina during the Russian Revolution?

Ans- Tsarina Alexandra was Tsarina during the Russian Revolution.

F) What was Rasputin's real name?

Ans- Rasputin's real name was Grigoriy Yefimovich.

G) Who became the prime minister after the failure of the provisional government in Russia?

Ans- Kerensky became the prime minister after the failure of the provisional government in Russia.

H) Which Russian revolution is called the "Bolshevik Revolution"?

Ans- October Revolution is also called the "Bolshevik Revolution".

I) Where was the winter palace of Tsar in Russia?

Ans- Petrograd was the winter palace of Tsar in Russia.

J) Who was named the "Russian Communist Party" after the Russian Revolution?