

$$(iv), 8^{\circ} + 10^{\circ} - 11^{\circ} = 1+1-1 = 1$$

$$49^{\circ} + 29^{\circ} - 19^{\circ} = 1+1-1 = 1$$

$$\therefore 8^{\circ} + 10^{\circ} - 11^{\circ} = 49^{\circ} + 29^{\circ} - 19^{\circ}$$

$$(v), \left\{ \left[\left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^2 \right]^3 \right\}^4 = \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^{2 \times 3 \times 4} = \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^{24}$$

$$\left\{ \left[\left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^3 \right]^4 \right\}^2 = \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^{3 \times 4 \times 2} = \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^{24}$$

$$\therefore \left\{ \left[\left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^2 \right]^3 \right\}^4 = \left\{ \left[\left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^3 \right]^4 \right\}^2$$

2. Evaluate:

$$i), 5^2 + 12^2 - 13^2 = 25 + 144 - 169$$

$$= 169 - 169$$

$$ii), 3^3 \times \left(\frac{1}{9} \right)^2 \times 81^2 = 3^3 \times \frac{1}{81} \times \frac{81^2}{81}$$

$$= 27 \times 81 = 2187$$

$$iii), (25)^2 \times \left(\frac{1}{125} \right)^3 = (25)^2 \times \left(\frac{1}{125} \right)^2 \times \left(\frac{1}{125} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{25 \times 1}{5 \times 125} \right)^2 \times \frac{1}{125}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{5} \right)^2 \times \frac{1}{125} = \frac{1}{25} \times \frac{1}{125}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3125}$$

$$\text{iv), } \left(\frac{-2}{3}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{27}{64}\right)^3 = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{27}{64} \times \left(\frac{27}{64}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{3}{16} \times \left(\frac{27}{64}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{3 \times 27 \times 27}{16 \times 64 \times 64}$$

$$= \frac{2187}{65536}$$

$$\text{v), } \left\{ \left\{ (5)^2 \right\}^3 \times 5^3 \right\} \div [5^2]^4$$

$$= \left\{ 5^{2 \times 3} \times 5^3 \right\} \div 5^{2 \times 4}$$

$$= \left\{ 5^6 \times 5^3 \right\} \div 5^8$$

$$= 5^{6+3} \div 5^8$$

$$= 5^{9-8} = 5^1 = 5$$

3. Simplify:

$$\text{i), } \frac{5^7 \times 2^6 \times 18^0}{4^3 \times 25^2} = \frac{5^7 \times 2^6 \times 1}{(2^2)^3 \times (5^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{5^7 \times 2^6 \times 1}{2^{2 \times 3} \times 5^{2 \times 2}}$$

$$= \frac{5^7 \times 2^6}{2^6 \times 5^4} = \frac{5^7}{5^4} = 5^{7-4}$$

$$= 5^3 = 125$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{ii), } & \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3 \times \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)^2 \times \frac{8}{15} \\
 &= \frac{2^3}{3^3} \times \frac{9^2}{4^2} \times \frac{8}{15} \\
 &= \frac{4 \cdot \cancel{8}}{\cancel{1} \cdot \cancel{27}} \times \frac{\cancel{8}^1 \cdot \cancel{3}^1}{\cancel{16}^1 \cdot \cancel{2}^1} \times \frac{\cancel{8}^1}{\cancel{15}^1 \cdot \cancel{5}^1} \\
 &= \frac{4 \times 1 \times 1}{1 \times 1 \times 5} = \frac{4}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{iii), } & [26^{30} \div 26^{28}] \div (-1)^{2002} \\
 &= 26^{30-28} \div 1 \\
 &= 26^2 = 676
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{iv), } & \left[\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 \times \frac{25}{9}\right] + \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 \\
 &= \left[\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{\cancel{3}^1}{\cancel{5}_1} \times \frac{\cancel{3}^1}{\cancel{5}_1} \times \frac{\cancel{25}^1}{\cancel{9}^1 \cdot \cancel{3}^1}\right] + \frac{16}{25} \\
 &= \frac{3}{5} + \frac{16}{25} = \frac{15 + 16}{25} \\
 &= \frac{31}{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{v), } & \left[\frac{16}{7} - \left(\frac{-2}{3}\right)^3\right] \times \left(\frac{-3}{4}\right)^2 \\
 &= \left[\frac{16}{7} - \left(\frac{-8}{27}\right)\right] \times \frac{9}{16}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left[\frac{16}{7} + \frac{8}{27} \right] \times \frac{9}{16} \\
&= \left(\frac{16^1}{7} \times \frac{9}{16^1} \right) + \left(\frac{8^1}{27^3} \times \frac{9^1}{16^2} \right) \\
&= \left(\frac{1 \times 9}{7 \times 1} \right) + \left(\frac{1 \times 1}{3 \times 2} \right) \\
&= \frac{9}{7} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{54 + 7}{42} \\
&= \frac{61}{42}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{vi), } & \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 - \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 \right] \times \left(\frac{4}{7}\right)^2 \times (-1)^{47} \\
&= \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{9}{16} \right) \times \frac{16}{49} \times (-1) \\
&= \left(\frac{2-9}{16} \right) \times \frac{16}{49} \times (-1) \\
&= \frac{-7}{16} \times \frac{16}{49} \times (-1) = \frac{(-1) \times (-1)}{7} \\
&= \frac{1}{7}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{vii), } \frac{(-5)^0 - 3^0}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^0} = \frac{1-1}{1} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$

4. Express in exponential notation:

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{i), } \frac{625}{49} &= \frac{5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5}{7 \times 7} = \frac{25 \times 25}{7 \times 7} \left(\begin{array}{c|c} 5 & 625 \\ \hline 5 & 125 \\ \hline 5 & 25 \\ \hline & 5 \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c|c} 7 & 49 \\ \hline 7 & 7 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array} \right) \\
&= \left(\frac{25}{7}\right)^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(ii)} \quad \frac{-64}{27} &= \frac{-2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2}{3 \times 3 \times 3} \\
 &= \frac{(-4) \times (-4) \times (-4)}{3 \times 3 \times 3} \\
 &= \left(\frac{-4}{3}\right)^3
 \end{aligned}
 \left| \begin{array}{l} 2 \overline{) 64} \\ \underline{2} \quad 32 \\ 2 \overline{) 32} \\ \underline{2} \quad 16 \\ 2 \overline{) 16} \\ \underline{2} \quad 8 \\ 2 \overline{) 8} \\ \underline{2} \quad 4 \\ 2 \overline{) 4} \\ \underline{2} \quad 2 \\ 2 \overline{) 2} \\ \underline{2} \quad 0 \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} 3 \overline{) 27} \\ \underline{3} \quad 9 \\ 3 \overline{) 9} \\ \underline{3} \quad 6 \\ 3 \overline{) 6} \\ \underline{3} \quad 3 \\ 3 \overline{) 3} \\ \underline{3} \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$\text{(iii)} \quad \frac{4}{169} = \frac{2 \times 2}{13 \times 13} = \left(\frac{2}{13}\right)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(iv)} \quad \frac{-243}{32} &= \frac{(-3) \times (-3) \times (-3) \times (-3) \times (-3)}{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2} \\
 &= \left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)^5
 \end{aligned}
 \left| \begin{array}{l} 3 \overline{) 243} \\ \underline{3} \quad 81 \\ 3 \overline{) 81} \\ \underline{3} \quad 27 \\ 3 \overline{) 27} \\ \underline{3} \quad 9 \\ 3 \overline{) 9} \\ \underline{3} \quad 3 \\ 3 \overline{) 3} \\ \underline{3} \quad 0 \end{array} \right. \begin{array}{l} 2 \overline{) 32} \\ \underline{2} \quad 16 \\ 2 \overline{) 16} \\ \underline{2} \quad 8 \\ 2 \overline{) 8} \\ \underline{2} \quad 4 \\ 2 \overline{) 4} \\ \underline{2} \quad 2 \\ 2 \overline{) 2} \\ \underline{2} \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(v)} \quad \frac{-256}{25} &= \frac{-(16) \times (16)}{5 \times 5} \\
 &= \left(\frac{16}{5}\right)^2
 \end{aligned}
 \left| \begin{array}{l} 2 \overline{) 256} \\ \underline{2} \quad 128 \\ 2 \overline{) 128} \\ \underline{2} \quad 64 \\ 2 \overline{) 64} \\ \underline{2} \quad 32 \\ 2 \overline{) 32} \\ \underline{2} \quad 16 \\ 2 \overline{) 16} \\ \underline{2} \quad 8 \\ 2 \overline{) 8} \\ \underline{2} \quad 4 \\ 2 \overline{) 4} \\ \underline{2} \quad 2 \\ 2 \overline{) 2} \\ \underline{2} \quad 0 \end{array} \right. \left| \begin{array}{l} 5 \overline{) 25} \\ \underline{5} \quad 5 \\ 5 \overline{) 5} \\ \underline{5} \quad 0 \end{array} \right.$$

Ex. Find the sum and express in power notation:

$$\text{(i)} \quad 4^2 + 3^2 = 16 + 9 = 25 = 5^2$$

$$\text{(ii)} \quad 8^2 + 15^2 = 64 + 225 = 289 = 17^2$$

$$\text{(iii)} \quad 5^2 + 12^2 = 25 + 144 = 169 = 13^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iv), } 15^2 + 20^2 &= 225 + 400 \\ &= 625 = 25^2 \end{aligned}$$

6. Express each of the following in exponential form with different bases.

$$\text{(i), } 16 = 2^4, 4^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii), } 64 &= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \\ &= 2^6 \\ &= (2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2) \\ &= 4 \times 4 \times 4 \\ &= 4^3 \\ &= (2 \times 2 \times 2) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2) \\ &= 8 \times 8 \\ &= 8^2 \end{aligned}$$

2		64
2		32
2		16
2		8
2		4
2		2
		1

$$\therefore 64 = 2^6, 4^3, 8^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii), } 625 &= 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 5^4 \\ &= (5 \times 5) \times (5 \times 5) \\ &= 25 \times 25 \\ &= 25^2 \end{aligned}$$

5		625
5		125
5		25
5		5
		1

$$\therefore 625 = 5^4, 25^2$$

iv) $81 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 3^4$
 $= (3 \times 3) \times (3 \times 3)$
 $= 9 \times 9$
 $= 9^2$
 $\therefore 81 = 3^4, 9^2$

3	81
3	27
3	9
3	3
	1

v) $\sqrt[5]{12} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$
 $= 2^9$
 $= 2^{3 \times 3}$
 $= (2^3)^3$
 $= 8^3$
 $\therefore \sqrt[5]{12} = 2^9, 8^3$

2	512
2	256
2	128
2	64
2	32
2	16
2	8
2	4
2	2
	1

vi) $\sqrt[2]{56} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$
 $= 2^8$
 $= 2^{2 \times 4}$ or $2^{4 \times 2}$
 $= (2^2)^4$ or $(2^4)^2$
 $= 4^4$ or 16^2

2	256
2	128
2	64
2	32
2	16
2	8
2	4
	2

$\therefore \sqrt[2]{56} = 2^8, 4^4, 16^2$

- 7) units digit of $9^1 = 9$
 " " of $9^2 = 1$
 " " of $9^3 = 9$

units digit of $9^4 = 1$

As we see here if power is odd number then unit digit is 9 and if power is even number ~~is~~. Then unit digit is 1.

$$\therefore 9^{99} \text{ odd number}$$

$$\therefore \text{units digit in } 9^{99} = 9$$

8. Simplify:

$$\text{i, } \left(\frac{9}{8}\right)^2 \times (-1)^{42} = \frac{9 \times 9}{8 \times 8} \times 1 = \frac{81}{64}$$

$$\text{ii, } \left[\left(\frac{5}{7}\right)^3 + \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)^2 \right] \div (-1)^{88}$$

$$= \left[\frac{5 \times 5 \times 5}{7 \times 7 \times 7} + \frac{2 \times 2}{7 \times 7} \right] \div (1)$$

$$= \left[\frac{125}{343} + \frac{4}{49} \right] \times 1$$

$$= \frac{125 + 28}{343}$$

$$= \frac{153}{343}$$

$$\text{iii, } \frac{3^3 \times 64 \times 81}{18 \times 4^2 \times 3^5} = \frac{3^3 \times 2^2 \times 2^2 \times 9 \times 9}{9 \times 2 \times 4 \times 3^5}$$

$$= \frac{3^3 \times 2 \times 3^2}{1 \times 1 \times 1 \times 3^5} \quad \boxed{21}$$

$$= \frac{2}{3^{6-3-2}} = \frac{2}{3^0} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$\Downarrow \left(\frac{-3}{7}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{-35}{9}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{\overset{-1}{\cancel{-3}} \times \overset{-5}{\cancel{-35}}}{7_1 \times 9_3}\right)^2$$

$$= \left(\frac{(-1) \times (-5)}{3}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{25}{9}$$

$$\Downarrow \left(\frac{-2}{25}\right)^3 \times \left(\frac{-5}{8}\right)^3 \times \left(\frac{16}{5}\right)^3$$

$$= \left(\frac{\overset{-1}{\cancel{-2}} \times \overset{-1}{\cancel{-5}} \times \overset{2}{\cancel{16}}}{25 \times 8_1 \times \cancel{5}_1}\right)^3$$

$$= \left(\frac{(-2) \times (-1) \times 2}{25 \times 1 \times 1}\right)^3$$

$$= \left(\frac{4}{25}\right)^3 = \frac{64}{15,625}$$

Multiple choice Questions

Track (✓) the correct option:

1. $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times (-3) \times (-3) \times (-3) \times (-3)$
 $= 2^3 \times (-3)^4$
 \therefore Answer: (b)

2. $(-2)^6 \times (-2)^4 = 2^x$

$$(-2)^{6+4} = 2^x$$

$$(-2)^{10} = 2^x$$

$$(-2)^{10} = (2)^{10} = 2^x$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 10$$

Answer: (b)

3.) $(-3^2)^3 = (-3^2) \times (-3^2) \times (-3^2)$
 $= -3^{2+2+2} = -3^6$

\therefore Answer: (c)

4.) $(-1)^{105} = -1$

\therefore Answer: (b)

5.) $2^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$

$$3^2 = 3 \times 3 = 9$$

$$9 > 8 \Rightarrow 3^2 > 2^3$$

\therefore Answer: (b)

6.) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$

\therefore Answer: (a)

7.) $(2^3 \times 2)^2 = (2^{3+1})^2 = (2^4)^2 = 2^{4 \times 2} = 2^8$

\therefore Answer: (c)

8.
$$\frac{x^6}{x^4} \times x^{10} = x^{6-4} \times x^{10}$$

$$= x^2 \times x^{10}$$

$$= x^{2+10} = x^{12}$$

∴ Answer: (b)

9.
$$(5^0 + 7^0) \times 1^0 = (1+1) \times 1$$

$$= 2 \times 1$$

$$= 2$$

Answer: (c)

10.
$$4.07 \times 10^7 = 4.07 \times 10000000$$

$$= 40,700,000$$

∴ Answer: (d)

Value Based Questions

- (a)
- $12,36,000 = 1.236 \times 10^6$
 - $10,07,000 = 1.007 \times 10^6$
 - $8,06,000 = 8.06 \times 10^5$
 - $2,15,000 = 2.15 \times 10^5$
 - $93,000 = 9.3 \times 10^4$

(b) Reading newspaper is a very good habit. it gives a lot of knowledge.

Mental Maths

Write T for true and F for false statements:

1) In a^5 , Base = a, Exponent = 5
 \therefore Answer: T

2) $x^y \neq y^x$
for example $2^3 = 8$
But $3^2 = 9$
 $\therefore 2^3 \neq 3^2$
 \therefore Answer: F

3) $(-4) \times (-4) \times (-4) \times (-4) \times (-7) \times (-7)$
 $= (-4)^4 \times (-7)^2$
 \therefore Answer: T

4) $(-5)^6 = (-5) \times (-5) \times (-5) \times (-5) \times (-5) \times (-5)$
 $= 25 \times 25 \times 25$
 $= 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$
 $= 5^6$

\therefore Answer: T

5) $(-1)^{25} = -1$ | $(-1)^{50} = (-1)^{2 \times 25} = ((-1)^2)^{25}$
But $(-1)^{50} = 1$ | $= (1)^{25}$
 $\therefore (-1)^{25} \neq (-1)^{50}$ | $\neq (-1)^{25}$
Answer: F | $\therefore (-1)^{50} \neq (-1)^{25}$

$$\underline{\underline{6.}} \quad (2^5)^2 = 2^{5 \times 2} = 2^{10} \neq 2^7$$

\therefore Answer: F

$$\underline{\underline{7.}} \quad \text{Reciprocal of } \left(\frac{-5}{7}\right)^4 = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{-5}{7}\right)^4} = \left(\frac{-5}{7}\right)^{-4}$$

$$= \left(\frac{-7}{5}\right)^4$$

\therefore Answer: T

$$\underline{\underline{8.}} \quad 1^0 + 2^0 + 3^0 + 4^0 + 5^0 = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1$$

$$= 5$$

$$\neq 0$$

\therefore Answer: F

$$\underline{\underline{9.}} \quad 65,38,000 = 6.538 \times 1000000$$

$$= 6.538 \times 10^6$$

\therefore Answer: T

$$\underline{\underline{10.}} \quad 7.05912 \times 10^5 = 705912$$

$$\neq 70,59,12,00,000$$

\therefore Answer: F

—X—